

MATHEMATICS-I(B)  
Pre final Examination -2026  
SET-A

Time:3Hours

Max.Marks:75

**SECTION-A**

10×2=20

**I. Very Short Answer Type Question:**

(i) Answer **All** questions.

(ii) Each question carries **TWO** marks.

1. Find equation of the line containing the points (2,-3) and (0,-3) .
2. Find the ratio in which the straight line  $2x+3y-20=0$  divides the join of the points (2,3) and (2,10)
3. Find the  $x$  , if the distance between (5,-1,7) and (x,5,1) is 9 .
4. Write the equations of the plane  $4x - 4y + 2z + 5 = 0$  in the intercept form
5. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{x^3-8}$
6. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^{7x}-1}{x}$ .
7. Find the derivative of  $\sin^{-1}(3x - 4x^3)$
8. Find the derivative of  $\frac{1-\cos(2x)}{1+\cos(2x)}$
9. Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  and  $\Delta y$  of  $y = f(x) = x^2 + x$  at  $x=10$  when  $\Delta x = 0.1$
10. Find  $c$  , so that  $f'(c) = \frac{f(b)-f(a)}{b-a}$  in the following cases  $f(x) = e^x$  ,  $a=0$  ,  $b=1$

**SECTION-B**

5×4=20

**II. Short Answer Type Question:**

(i) Answer **Any FIVE** questions.

(ii) Each question carries **FOUR** marks

11. A(5,3) and B(3,-2) are two fixed points . Find the equation of locus of P , so that the area of triangle PAB is 9.
12. When the axes are rotated through an angle  $\alpha$  , find the transformed equation of  $X\cos\alpha + y\sin\alpha = p$  .
13. Prove that the points (1,11), (2,15) , (-3,-5) are collinear and find the equation of the straight line containing them
14. Compute  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(2x-1)(\sqrt{x}-1)}{2x^2+x-3}$
15. Find the derivative of  $\tan 2x$  from the first principle .
16. show that at any point (x,y) on the curve  $y = be^{\frac{x}{a}}$  , the length of the sub tangent is constant and the length of the sub normal is  $\frac{y^2}{a}$
17. The distance time formula for the motion of a particle along a straight line is  $s = t^3 - 9t^2 + 24t - 18$  find when and where the velocity is zero

## SECTION-C

5×7=35

**III. Long Answer Type Question:****(i)** Answer Any FIVE questions.**(ii)** Each question carries SEVEN marks

18. If  $Q(h,k)$  is the foot of the perpendicular from  $P(x,y)$  on the straight line  $ax+by+c=0$  then  $(h-x_1):a=(k-y_1):b=-(ax_1+by_1+c):(a^2+b^2)$  and find the foot of the perpendicular from  $(-1,3)$  on the straight line  $5x-y-18=0$

19. Show that the area of the triangle formed by the lines  $ax^2+2hxy+by^2=0$  and line

$$lx+my+n=0 \text{ is } \left| \frac{n^2\sqrt{h^2-ab}}{am^2-2hlm+bl^2} \right|$$

20. Find the condition for the chord  $lx+my=1$  of the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  (whose centre is the origin) to subtend a right angle at the origin.

21. Find the angle between two diagonals of a cube. The vertices of a triangle are  $A(1,4,2)$ ,  $B(-2,1,2)$ ,  $C(2,3,-4)$ . Find  $\angle A$ ,  $\angle B$ ,  $\angle C$

22. Find the derivatives of the function  $\sin x^x + x^{\sin x}$

23. Find the angle between the curves  $y^2 = 8x$ ,  $4x^2 + y^2 = 32$

24. A wire of length  $l$  is cut into two parts which are bent respectively in the form of a square and a circle. What are the lengths of the pieces of the wire respectively so that the sum of the areas is the least.